GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE RAMPACHODAVARAM DPEARTMENT OF HISTORY CERTIFICATE COURSE – 2024-2025

HISTORY OF INDIAN JOURNALISM

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To trace the history of journalism in India from its inception to the present day, highlighting key milestones, figures, and events.
- 2.To analyze the role of journalism in shaping public opinion, political discourse, and societal change in India.
- 3.To examine ethical issues and challenges faced by journalists historically and in contemporary times
- 4.To assess the impact of journalism on Indian society, politics, and culture throughout different periods.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1.By the end of the course, students should have a comprehensive understanding of the historical development of journalism in India, including its cultural, political, and social contexts.
- 2. Students will be able to critically analyze the role of journalism in various historical events and its influence on public opinion and policy-making.
- 3. Students will gain insights into ethical dilemmas faced by journalists and media organizations in India, developing a heightened awareness of media ethics.
- 4. Develop a nuanced understanding of how historical events and socio-cultural factors have influenced the evolution of journalism practices in India.
- 5. Apply theoretical knowledge gained in the course to analyze contemporary issues and trends in Indian journalism.

Syllabus

HISTORY OF INDIAN JOURNALISM

<u>Unit – I:</u> Press in India: The origin of the press – Gutenberg press – Role of printing in evolution of newspapers - growth of newspapers in India - James Augustus Hicky– James Silk Buckingham -

Unit – II: Contribution of Raja Ram Mohan Roy - growth of national press- freedom movement and the press - Gandhi as a journalist - press in the post-independence period

From:

The Dept. of History

Govt. Degree College,

Rampachodavaram.

To:

The Principal,

Govt. Degree College,

Rampachodavaram.

Sub: Request for acceptance of proposal of the certificate course on Human Rights in the Department of History-regarding

Respected Madam,

The Department of History is proposing to start a certificate course on Human Rights during 2024-2025 academic year. This certificate course will be held in 30 hours of time and this course will be completed with conducting of an examination of 50 marks paper.

This is my proposal submitting to your consideration and take necessary action in this regard.

Thanking you Madam.

Yours faithfully

GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE- RAMPACHODAVARAM DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY ENTRANCE TEST FOR CERTIFICATE COURSE – 2024-2025

Total Marks: 20 Time: 30 Minutes

Instructions:

- Each question carries 1 mark.
- Choose the correct option from the given choices.
- 1. Who is known as the "Father of Indian Journalism"?
 - a) Mahatma Gandhi
 - b) James Augustus Hickey
 - c) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- 2. Which was the first newspaper published in India?
 - a) The Hindu
 - b) Amrita Bazar Patrika
 - c) Bengal Gazette
 - d) The Indian Express
- 3. When was the first issue of the Bengal Gazette published?
 - a) 1780
 - b) 1821
 - c) 1857
 - d) 1905
- 4. Which leader started the newspaper *Kesari* in 1881?
 - a) Subhas Chandra Bose
 - b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - c) Lala Lajpat Rai
 - d) Annie Besant
- 5. What was the primary purpose of early Indian newspapers during British rule?
 - a) To promote entertainment
 - b) To support the freedom struggle
 - c) To advertise British products
 - d) To publish government orders
- 6. Who founded Young India and Harijan newspapers?
 - a) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b) B.R. Ambedkar
 - c) Mahatma Gandhi
 - d) Rabindranath Tagore
- 7. In which language was the newspaper Amrita Bazar Patrika first published?
 - a) English
 - b) Bengali
 - c) Hindi
 - d) Urdu

8. Which act restricted press freedom in colonial India?

- a) Vernacular Press Act, 1878
- b) Indian Press Act, 1910
- c) Defence of India Act, 1915
- d) All of the above

9. The Hindi daily Nav Bharat Times was first published in which year?

- a) 1947
- b) 1946
- c) 1951
- d) 1955

10. Which newspaper is associated with the famous slogan "Freedom of the Press"?

- a) Times of India
- b) The Hindu
- c) Hindustan Times
- d) Bengal Gazette

11. Which form of journalism emerged prominently during the Indian freedom struggle?

- a) Yellow Journalism
- b) Advocacy Journalism
- c) Investigative Journalism
- d) Citizen Journalism

12. What was the role of Kesari and Maratha newspapers?

- a) Social reform
- b) Freedom struggle advocacy
- c) Entertainment
- d) Government propaganda

13. Who coined the phrase "The pen is mightier than the sword"?

- a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- b) James Augustus Hickey
- c) Edward Bulwer-Lytton
- d) Jawaharlal Nehru

14. Which Indian newspaper became an important voice during the Civil Disobedience Movement?

- a) Hindustan Times
- b) The Hindu
- c) The Indian Express
- d) Bombay Chronicle

15. What was the significance of the Vernacular Press Act of 1878?

- a) Promoted Indian languages
- b) Restricted freedom of the Indian-language press
- c) Encouraged Indian editors
- d) Funded newspapers

16. Which publication was famously banned by the British government?

- a) Kesari
- b) Young India
- c) Harijan
- d) All of the above

17. Who founded *The Hindu* newspaper?

- a) G. Subramania Iyer
- b) James Augustus Hickey
- c) C. Rajagopalachari
- d) Jawaharlal Nehru

18. Which is the oldest English daily still in circulation in India?

- a) Times of India
- b) The Statesman
- c) The Hindu
- d) Indian Express

19. Which movement saw the rise of revolutionary journalism in India?

- a) Non-Cooperation Movement
- b) Swadeshi Movement
- c) Quit India Movement
- d) Civil Disobedience Movement

20. Who was the editor of the newspaper Indian Opinion, started in South Africa?

- a) Rabindranath Tagore
- b) Mahatma Gandhi
- c) B.R. Ambedkar
- d) Jawaharlal Nehru
- •1. b | 2. c | 3. a | 4. b | 5. b | 6. c | 7. b | 8. d | 9. d | 10. d |
- 11. b | 12. b | 13. c | 14. d | 15. b | 16. d | 17. a | 18. a | 19. b | 20. b

MODEL PAPER

HISTORY OF INDIAN JOURNALISM

Time: 1:30 hours Max marks: 30

SECTION-A

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks. 2X5=10

- 1. Briefly explain about James Augustus Hicky
- 2. Why Raja Ram Mohan Roy considered as father of Indian press by Nehru?
- 3. Write contributions of print media for freedom movements?

SECTION-B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 10 marks. 2X10=20

- 9. Who were the pioneers of printing in the field of journalism?
- 10. Explain the contributions of Mahatma Gandhi to journalism?
- 11. Describe role played by the vernacular press before independence?

GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE – RAMPACHODAVRAM

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

HISTORY OF INDIAN JOURNALISM

CERTIFICATE COURSE – ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

S.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	COURSE	MARKS OBTAINED	WEATHER QUALIFIED OR NOT
1	K.RAMYA RANI	I BA ECONOMICS	16	QUALIFIED
2	G. EASHWAR RAJA	и	16	QUALIFIED
3	G.VARMA JNANI	u	17	QUALIFIED
4	P.MANI KRISHNA	u	15	QUALIFIED
5	CH.VAMSHI KRISHNA	u	17	QUALIFIED
6	G.PRAVEEN	u	16	QUALIFIED
7	A.PRAVEEN KUMAR	u	17	QUALIFIED
8	K.ANJALI DEVI	u	17	QUALIFIED
9	S.SIREESHA MANI	u	18	QUALIFIED
10	M.MUNNI	и	17	QUALIFIED
11	P.VEENA DEVI	u	17	QUALIFIED
12	K.THARUN VIKAS	u	15	QUALIFIED
13	K.SAI KUMAR REDDY	u u	17	QUALIFIED
14	K.ADILAKSHMI	HISTORY	15	QUALIFIED
15	K.NANDHINI	"	17	QUALIFIED
16	K.SARALA	u u	16	QUALIFIED
17	S.DURGA BHAVANI	и	16	QUALIFIED
18	B.SIVA RAMA LAKSHMI	"	17	QUALIFIED
19	V.SUBBA LAKSHMI	u	15	QUALIFIED
20	G.DURGA BHAVANI	"	16	QUALIFIED
21	M.KUSUMAKARA REDDY	u	18	QUALIFIED
22	M.ANIL KUMAR	"	18	QUALIFIED
23	S.RAJ KUMAR	"	15	QUALIFIED
24	G.ANUJA	u	17	QUALIFIED
25	M.PRASANNA	"	17	QUALIFIED
26	V.BHARGAVI	u	18	QUALIFIED
27	P.SRI DEVI	u u	18	QUALIFIED

28	P. LALITHA	II BA HISTORY	16	QUALIFIED
29	Y.JEEVAN	и	17	QUALIFIED
30	N.SAI RAM	u	18	QUALIFIED
31	CH.AMMULU REDDY	u	16	QUALIFIED
32	G.GAYATHRI	u	7	NOT QUALIFIED
33	CH.SIVA DURGA	и	13	NOT QUALIFIED
34	K.SRAVAN KUMAR	I BA HISTORY	9	NOT QUALIFIED
35	M.SEETHA RAMMAIAH	u	14	NOT QUALIFIED
36	CH.STEVENSON	u	13	NOT QUALIFIED
37	P.SANCHINDRA REDDY	u	12	NOT QUALIFIED
38	P.ROHIT REDDY	u	14	NOT QUALIFIED
39	P.NARASIMHA MURTHY	I BA ECONOMICS	14	NOT QUALIFIED
40	K.RAMA LAKSHMI	u	8	NOT QUALIFIED
41	S.VENKATA DURGA	I BA ECONOMICS	8	NOT QUALIFIED
42	V. SRILAKSHMI	I BA HISTORY	9	NOT QUALIFIED
43	K. SAI SAILAJA	I BA HISTORY	11	NOT QUALIFIED
44	N. BHANU SREE	I BA ECONOMICS	12	NOT QUALIFIED
45	K.GANESWARI	I BA ECONOMICS	14	NOT QUALIFIED
46	K.HIMA BINDHU	I BA HISTORY	14	NOT QUALIFIED
47	Y. RAM TEJ VINYAK	II BA HISTORY	12	NOT QUALIFIED
48	B. ARJUN REDDY	u	12	NOT QUALIFIED
49	K.VENKATA RAMANA	u	11	NOT QUALIFIED
50	V. KONDA REDDY	и	6	NOT QUALIFIED

$\underline{\textbf{GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE} - \textbf{RAMPACHODAVRAM}}$

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

HISTORY OF INDIAN JOURNALISM

CERTIFICATE COURSE –FINAL EXAMINATION

S.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	COURSE	TOTAL MARKS	MARKS OBTAINED
1	S.DURGA BHAVANI	I BA HISTORY	50	38
2	P.SRI DEVI	I BA HISTORY	50	41
3	V. BHARGAVI	I BA HISTORY	50	38
4	P.VEENA DEVI	I BA ECONOMICS	50	42
5	K.SARALA	I BA HISTORY	50	43
6	B.SIVA RAMALAKSHMI	I BA HISTORY	50	36
7	V. SUBBA LAKSHMI	I BA HISTORY	50	35
8	N.SAI RAM	II BA HISTORY	50	35
9	CH.VAMSHI KRISHNA	I BA ECONOMICS	50	42
10	P.LALITHA	II BA HISTORY	50	37
11	CH.AMMULU REDDY	II BA HISTORY	50	36
12	B.VINOD KUMAR	II BA HISTORY	50	35
13	V.KONDA REDDY	II BA HISTORY	50	35
14	K.THARUN VIKAS	I BA ECONOMICS	50	41
15	S. SIREESHA MANI	I BA ECONOMICS	50	38
16	M.ANIL KUMAR	I BA HISTORY	50	35
17	K. KUSUMAKAR REDDY	I BA HISTORY	50	37
18	M. ANJALI DEVI	I BA ECONOMICS	50	35
19	S. RAJ KUMAR	I BA HISTORY	50	39
20	N.SAI RAM	II BA HISTORY	50	38







REPORT ON CERTIFICATE COURSE

The Department of History successfully conducted a Certificate Course on the History of Indian Journalism from January 29, 2025, to March 7, 2025, spanning a total of 30 days. The course aimed to provide students with an indepth understanding of the evolution and impact of journalism in India from its inception to the modern era.

Course Overview:

- An **entry-level examination** was conducted at the beginning of the course, in which **50 students** participated.
- 31 students qualified based on the results of the entry test and were admitted into the course.
- The curriculum was designed to cover significant phases, personalities, movements, and milestones in Indian journalism, including both pre- and post-independence periods.
- Lectures, discussions, assignments, and interactive sessions formed the core of the teaching methodology.

Final Assessment:

- A **final examination** was conducted at the end of the course, carrying a total of **50 marks**.
- 20 students qualified based on their performance in the final assessment.

Certification:

• **Certificates were awarded** to the 20 students who successfully completed the course and met the qualification criteria.

The Department commends all participants and faculty involved for their dedication and enthusiasm, which contributed to the success of the program.